GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
RURAL DEVELOPMENT
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:1520
ANSWERED ON:09.03.2007
RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL DRINKING WATER MISSION
Singh Deo Smt. Sangeeta Kumari

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Rajiv Gandhi National Drinking Water Mission is being implemented in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the details of the work carried out and the quantum of funds allocated thereunder, State-wise; and

(d) the State-wise names of the districts where this scheme has not been completed indicating the reasons for the same?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDRA SEKHAR SAHU)

(a) & (b) The primary responsibility of providing drinking water facilities in the country rests with State Governments. In 1986, the National Drinking Water Mission, renamed as Rajiv Gandhi National Drinking Water Mission (RGNDWM) in 1991, was launched and further in 1999, the Department of Drinking Water Supply was created, to provide a renewed focus with mission approach to implement programmes for rural drinking water supply. In the rural drinking water sector, the Mission administers a Centrally Sponsored Scheme namely Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP) to render financial assistance to the States for the various activities viz.
to cover not covered and partially covered habitations and rural schools
to take up operation and maintenance of the existing rural water supply schemes

to tackle water quality problems, and to establish water testing laboratories
to take up projects on sustainability
to take up Research and Development projects
to take up Information, Education and Communication (IEC), Human Resource Development (HRD) activities and to set up Management Information System (MIS) for planning, monitoring and implementation of various activities in the sector.

(c) & (d) The State-wise details of the funds allocated under ARWSP during the current year and the habitations benefited is at Annexure-I. As per available information, there are over 41.55 lakh hand pumps, around 15.77 lakh public standposts, around 1.60 lakh mini-piped water supply schemes and 45000 multi village schemes in the country under the Rural Water Supply Programme. During 10th Plan so far, 3, 12,164 habitations have been covered and these include uncovered habitations, slipped back habitations and water quality affected habitations.

Annexure I

Statement referred to in reply to Part (c) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1520 for reply on 09.03.2007 State-wise details of funds allocated and habitations covered during 2006-07

S.No.	Name of State	Funds allocated	Habitations Covered
1	Andhra Pradesh	26376.08	4422
2	Bihar	26932.00	8353
3	Chhattisgarh	8024.00	5709
4	Goa	259.00	1
5	Gujarat	20837.56	1213
6	Haryana	6446.63	387
7	Himachal Pradesh	11126.86	1335
8	J & K	26944.79	41
9	Jharkhand	9526.00	1350
10	Karnataka	34605.40	2222
11	Kerala	7441.00	812
12	Madhya Pradesh	25245.00	8009
13	Maharashtra	44603.00	2003
14	Orissa	19082.00	4894

15	Punjab	6227.00	555
16	Rajasthan	66036.68	6785
17	Tamil Nadu	14892.00	5084
18	Uttaranchal	7693.00	1480
19	Uttar Pradesh	37117.00	8901
20	West Bengal	30363.00	490
21	A & N Islands	65.73	31
22	Chandigarh #	5.46	-
23	D & N Haveli	22.92	9
24	Daman & Diu	13.53	NR
25	Delhi #	13.00	-
26	Lakshadweep	3.64	NR
27	Pondicherry	104.72	42
28	Arunachal Pradesh	10509.00	68
29	Assam	22027.00	1437
30	Manipur	3588.00	105
31	Meghalaya	4142.00	356
32	Mizoram	2962.00	38
33	Nagaland	3054.00	14
34	Sikkim	1256.00	85
35	Tripura	4121.00	93
TOTAL		481666.00	66324

NR: Not Reported,
All habitations are Fully Covered